

The News.

The capture of Selma—the surrender of Lynchburg—the making of those great rascals, Forrest and Roddy, are among the good things in this evening's dispatches. Sherman's grand army has been re-equipped and is again ready to give the finishing touches to what little remains of the rebellion. Lee has arrived in Richmond, but Jeff Davis is not at.

Gold closed at 145.

An exchance in speaking of the manner in which the news of the fall of Richmond was transmitted to the country says: When the splendid victories of Trafalgar or of Waterloo went flying down the high roads from London to all England's borders in the hurried mail-coaches; fly as they might, the sun rose and set, and rose and set again, long before the racing horses and the thundering wheels had kindled their last volleys of sympathizing cheers which ran before and behind their course. But on Monday morning one of General Grant's telegraph operators, sitting in a room at City Point pressed a little ivory key, and on the instant all the cities of the North, and the villages and the towns from the James to the Androscoggin, and from the Atlantic to the Pacific seas, felt the electric pulse, and before that day's sun had left his last rays on the shores of Oregon, nearly twenty millions of people were unitedly rejoicing that such a blow had been struck for the honor and the unity of the nation, and that we were by so much, the nearer to the end of this desolating war.

The 14th of April, the anniversary of the capitulation of Fort Sumter, has been chosen, it is said, for the issuing of a proclamation by the President. The character of it need not be discussed, until it is published, but if any body imagines that it will partake of a bloodthirsty and vengeful spirit, he will be mistaken. We expect that document will be pre-empted by that Christian charity and spirit of forgiveness even towards rebel officials, that has always characterized Mr. Lincoln's policy when dealing with his worst enemies.

A late letter from Detroit says: "At an oil well being bored near the city, when the drill had reached the depth of 70 feet, to-day, a current of gas escaped which blew out the drill and tools weighing 800 pounds, blew off the shed roof of the derrick, 45 feet high, and belched forth a stream of water, gravel, and large stones. The workmen narrowly escaped with their lives. The water is strongly impregnated with petroleum."

The 24th Corps special of the 4th says: "To-day 48 rebels surrendered themselves in an orderly riding along the road. They appeared with a flag of truce, and sitting down under a tree discussed the terms of surrender. They were guaranteed possession of their private property with the exception of gold watches. As they had none of these no difficulty was found in arranging terms."

The 12th Battery.—The Madison Journal says that some thirty men of this organization, which is one of the best in the service, and has just gone through Sherman's campaign in South and North Carolina, arrived here Tuesday, to be mustered out on expiration of the time of service. They left Sherman's army at Goldsboro.

Peace to be offered.—The New York Commercial's Washington special says orders will be sent to our Generals everywhere to open negotiations with the enemy and commanders of rebels in their trust, and offer the same terms which were accepted by Lee.

Wm. Lloyd Garrison, upon invitation from the Secretary of War, is going to take part in the flag-raising upon Fort Sumter. Senator Wilson and Gen. Thompson, the English philanthropist, will also be present during the ceremony.

The colored population of Richmond feasted our colored Union troops in the most sumptuous manner. A large portion of the colored command is composed of Virginia negroes.

A Soldier's wife residing in Macon county, Illinois, a few days since received from her husband in the army a package of \$400, and upon returning home placed under the pillow of her head. During the same night a man with blackened face, broke into the house and demanded her money. The woman took the money, threw it upon the floor, and when the ruffian stooped to pick it up she dealt him a blow with a poker that broke his neck. Upon washing the dead man's face, it proved to be her brother-in-law.

JUDICIAL ELECTION.—Col. Wm. P. Lyon is elected Judge of this Circuit. This result was unexpected, even by some of his most active supporters. It shows both Col. Lyon's great popularity among the people and hard work on the part of his supporters. Although we supported Judge Noggle we are far from grieving over Col. Lyon's success. They are both honorable men. Judge Noggle has honored the Bench, and William P. Lyon will also.—Burlington Standard.

William Henry Johnson, a colored lawyer of New Bedford, has been admitted to the bar by Judge Putnam, in the Superior Court at Taunton, Mass.

The population of Paris this year is 1,667,841 souls, exclusive of a garrison of 26,300 men.

The Canadian Parliament is trying to legislate Canada through out of Canadian fields.

The Janesville Gazette.

VOLUME 9.

JANESVILLE, WIS., THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1865.

NUMBER 46.

CITY AND COUNTY.

DIVINE SERVICE will be held tomorrow (Good Friday) at Christ Church, at 10 o'clock, a. m.

AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.—See notice of sale of good furniture at auction in advertising columns.

Any gentleman or ladies desiring a good boarding place near the depot can obtain one by addressing P. O. box 272.

Lost.—A pair of buckskin gloves. The finder will please be generous enough to return them to the undersigned.

R. B. TREAT.

JUDICIAL ELECTION IN GREEN COUNTY.—Green county, heretofore supposed to be about even on the Circuit Judgeship, shows an official count of 236 majority for Noggle. Downer has all the votes cast 1538.

At a meeting of the Young Men's Association on Monday evening last, the following were elected as officers for the ensuing term:

E. D. Coe, President; Ira A. Foster, Vice President; Ed. F. Welch, Secretary; Pliny Norcross, Cor. Secretary; W. A. Lowell, Treasurer; P. Enright, Marshal.

REMOVAL OF THE POST-OFFICE.—I shall close the Postoffice in this city on Saturday, the 15th, at 6 o'clock p. m., to enable me to remove to the new office, at the east end of the bridge on Milwaukee street, and it will remain closed until Monday morning, April 17th, at 7 o'clock, at which time and place I shall be happy to see all my friends and deliver to them their mail matter.

J. M. BURGESS, P. M.

As for Brigham Young's mother-in-law, he proposes to tell how many there are of her. We don't know how Artemus lectures, never having heard him, but we know he has the "baddest spell" of any man in the country.

The Soldiers' Home.

Editors Gazette:—Would it be just for Janesville to give to the Chicago Fair when Milwaukee, our own metropolis, is so earnestly pleading for help? As just as it would be for General Grant to withdraw his army from our Government to aid the Mexicans in driving away Maximilian. As just as for the tender mother to take the bread from her starving babes to add to the feast of the aristocrat.

Our Government has established and maintains the Rest at Chicago for the benefit of all soldiers passing through there, and nobly has Chicago labored to add to their comfort. Our city has also cheerfully given in that direction whenever opportunity has presented itself; but now duty calls us to work for our own Home.

"The end approaches." When the noble sons of our State, who went out from us in the vigor of manhood to preserve for us the heritage of a free people, shall have returned, many of them helpless and homeless, shall we say to them, you must look to Chicago for help. Every feeling of dignity, of humanity and of pride revolts at the thought. Oblige not the Government to build our Soldiers' Home, but rather let it be erected as the monument of a grateful people.

Soldiers' Aid Society Celebration.

The ladies connected with the Soldiers' Aid Society of this city, after four years of unceasing toil in behalf of those who have gone out from among us to defend the flag of our common country, feeling that the end of the great rebellion is near at hand, respectfully invite their friends and the friends of the soldiers to unite with them in a social celebration at the Myers House, tomorrow (Friday) evening. Supper will be served at nine o'clock. Tickets one dollar each.

The patriotic reader need not be reminded that to-morrow is the anniversary of the capitulation and surrender of Fort Sumter by General Anderson to the armed traitors of the South, and it is designed by the Government that the same flag that was then lowered shall again kiss breeze to-morrow from the same Fort. How appropriate and befitting then, that the ladies, who have done so much and labored so assiduously to bring about this grand result, should meet and celebrate the occasion in a social and rational manner. We hope, therefore, that our citizens will honor the occasion with their presence. There will be exercises, toasts, responses, songs by the Glee Club, and a variety of exercises calculated to amuse and interest those present. All will be heartily welcomed.

J. M. BURGESS, R. B. TREAT, O. J. DRABORN, JAMES SCHRIEBLER, Committee.

Look out for spurious tea. There is a good deal of it in the market.

GENERAL WARREN has demanded a court of inquiry to investigate his removal.

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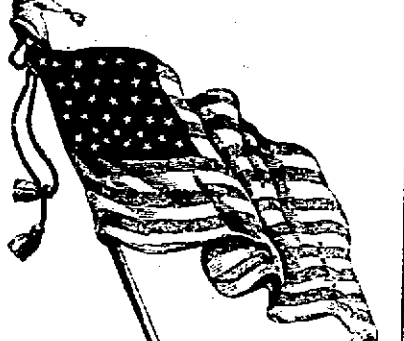
BY TELEGRAPH.

Reported Expressly for the Gazette.

THE GREAT CONTEST!

Official from Sec'y Stanton!

FROM ALABAMA



Gen. Wilson's Cavalry Raid!

Great Success of the Expedition.

SELMA CAPT'D!

A Severe Battle with Forrest

His Entire Com'd Capt'd!

Forrest and Roddy Prisoners!

Montgomery Rept'd Fallen!

LYNCHBURG SURRENDERED!

The City Occupied by our Forces

LEE REPORTED IN RICHMOND!

Movements of Sherman's Troops!

Important from Europe!

TROUBLE WITH PORTUGAL!

SAILING OF A REBEL PIRATE!

Attack on the U. S. S. Niagara!

OFFICIAL BULLETINS.

War Department, Washington, April 12.—2:30 p. m.—To Major Gen. Dix.—The capture of Selma, Ala., is reported by Maj. Gen. Thomas. The surrender of Lynchburg is also officially reported.

E. M. STANTON, Sec'y of War.

Headquarters Department of the Cumberland, Nashville, April 12.—To Major Gen. Halleck, Chief of Staff.—I send you the following, just received from Huntsville, Ala., for the information of the Secretary of War. I am inclined to believe it although I have received no report direct from Gen. Wilson.

Huntsville, Ala., April 11.—To Major Gen. Thomas.—The following is just received from Col. Hoover at Somerville: Men directly through from Selma, report that the entire command were captured. Our men dismounted and charged the enemy's trenches and carried all before them. They also report Montgomery captured.

(Signed) R. S. GRANTON, GEO. H. THOMAS, Maj. Gen.

City Point, April 12.—To Hon. E. M. Stanton, Secretary of War.—Lynchburg surrendered yesterday to a Lieutenant of Griffin's forces at the head of a scouting party. Gen. Grant has ordered McKee's brigade of cavalry to occupy the town and take care of public property.

C. A. DANA, Asst Sec'y of War.

FROM NORTH CAROLINA.

New York, April 13.—The Herald's Newbern dispatch of the 8th, states that the entire equipment of Sherman's army had been completed, and that it was ready to enter upon a new campaign for the sudden extinguishment of Johnston's military power, if that rebel chieftain shall offer further resistance after hearing of Lee's surrender.

The news of the capture of Richmond of course caused great rejoicing in Newbern. The country on the south side of the Neuse river, between Newbern and Goldsboro is entirely cleared of armed rebels, but on the north side of that stream there are some prowling bands. One of these, on the 7th, captured and burned a steamer and two barges laden with supplies for Sherman's command have suffered. Gen. Mover has succeeded Gen. Williams as commander of the 20th corps in Sherman's army.

New York, April 13.—The World's Goldsboro dispatch of the 9th, says Sherman's army is in the best possible shape. Sherman has notified the army commanders to be prepared for rapid marches, so that speedy results may be expected.

FROM RICHMOND.

New York, April 13.—The Herald's Richmond correspondent says the people of Virginia and city of Richmond in particular appear to be at last fully satisfied with their experiment of a Southern Confederacy and are making preparations for a return of their State to its former loyal position in the Union. Influential citizens there are still engaged endeavoring to secure the best terms they can. The feeling of the majority of the citizens of Richmond is against Jeff Davis, and the leaders of the rebel government are represented as having become obnoxious. At least 5,000 of the white people of Richmond are now entirely dependent on the government and Northern charities for their daily supply of food and but for these they would starve. Government officers are now issuing 1200 rations a day to these destitute dupes of secession.

The work of clearing up the city, taking

possession of mills, manufactories and abandoned property of all kinds and putting them in proper order, is being vigorously prosecuted under the direction of Gen. Shepley, and for the necessary labor which this involves a large number of negroes are employed. The amount of property thus secured to the government is enormous.

Much secreted property has been discovered in dwellings of citizens, including it is said, vast quantities of articles sent from friends in the North to administer to the wants of imprisoned Union soldiers.

The remains of Col. Dahlgren have been discovered near Richmond, exhumed and sent to Washington.

It is rumored in Richmond that Gen. Lee arrived there Monday night and proceeded quietly to his residence.

FROM EUROPE.

New York, April 12.—The Portuguese authorities had ordered the rebel ram Stoneville to leave the harbor of Lisbon and manned the forts. The United States gunboat Sacramento was hourly expected.

In the House of Commons, March 27th, Lord Elcho alluded to the debates in the Canadian Parliament where it was been decided that £50,000 was all that England would vote for Canada this year. Lord Elcho would bring the matter forward April 14th.

Lisbon, March 28.—The Stoneville has sailed from this port. The Niagara and Sacramento have arrived here. The Portuguese authorities have prohibited their sailing for 24 hours.

The London Times says a short time since, Confederate drafts were refused payment by Fraser, Trenholm & Co., of Liverpool, for want of advances. The requisite funds and instructions have since arrived and the bills will be paid immediately.

Lisbon, March 29.—The federal frigates Niagara and Sacramento attempted to sail before the expiration of the time fixed by the Portuguese authorities, and were fired upon by the Delem Fort. The Niagara was struck in the poop and one seaman was killed. The vessels thereupon anchored.

London, March 29.—Consols closed at 89 1/2 at 89 1/2 for money. United States 5-20s at 56 1/2 at 57.

Paris, March 29.—The Marquis De La Lavelette, Senator, has been appointed member of the Interior in place of M. Boulud whose resignation has been accepted.

To-day in the Corps Legislatif M. Kalb Bernard defended the Encycloped and its appended syllabus, and the conduct of the Roman Court.

FROM HAVANA.

New York, April 12.—By the Moro Castle we have Havana dates to the 8th. Advice from Vera Cruz the 1st and from Mexico March 28th, had been received. About 12,000 French and Austrians are on their way to Sonora. Emigrants from the United States to Mexico suffer terribly on their arrival in that country, and there is no hope of their doing well.

The blockade runner "Little Hatie" went out of Havana lately, but soon returned with a ball through her smoke-stack.

The Havana arrived on the 6th from Galveston, with 1,000 bales of cotton. The Santiago de Cuba was to leave Matamoros on the 3d, for Charleston, with Assistant Secretary Fox and 40 men an band.

FROM GRANT'S ARMY.

New York, April 12.—The Tribune's special from City Point says a special train was to go to Burksville last night to bring in Generals Grant and Lee and staff, who return to Richmond to-day, in accordance with their parole.

General Grant's army is reported to have turned its face eastward for the purpose of receiving supplies and recruiting. Sheridan's prisoners captured previously to Lee's surrender are on their way to City Point.

The Times' City Point special says (Gen Lee has expressed a desire to depart for Europe with his family at an early day. He is much affected by his defeat. Davis has deserted him and is retreating on his own account.

FROM KENTUCKY.

Cincinnati, April 12.—Preparations for a celebration here to-morrow are perfected. There will be a grand turnout of all classes.

A Gazette Lexington, Ky., dispatch says Gen. Palmer is at Eminence Ky. for the purpose of receiving the surrender of all Confederate forces in the State, including Col. Jesse's command. Those who will not surrender will be declared outlaws, and the people will be called upon to hunt them down. A Lieutenant and seventy-one men surrendered yesterday to Gen. Hobson.

FROM THE GULF.

Boston, April 12.—The U. S. steamer, Circassian, arrived here to-day from the Gulf squadron with a number of sick and discharged seamen. She lost at Key West on the 4th inst., the U. S. steamer Dale and Glaciers. The health of the officers and seamen on the southern coast was generally good. No news of importance was brought from the Gulf squadron.

FROM WASHINGTON.

New York, April 13.—The Commercial's special says there is reason to believe the Cabinet is divided in regard to the sentiments contained in the President's speech. The Commercial's special says there is engaged in the city for General Lee who is expected to-day or to-morrow.

FROM ALBANY.

Albany, April 12.—The Democrats at the charter election yesterday elected their city ticket by an average majority of 134.

MARRIED.

In Columbus, Ohio, on the 5th inst., at the residence of the bride's father, E. Smith, Esq., by Rev. E. P. Goodwin, Mr. EDWARD E. ALBERT, of Columbus, Ohio, and Miss JENNIE ROBERTS, of this city. No Cards.

New Advertisements.

AT AUCTION on Saturday, April 13th, at 12 o'clock, on the Public Square, West Main street, a large assortment of Superior Second Hand Furniture, including a very fine Black Walnut Dining Table, a very fine Black Walnut Bedstead, a very fine Black Walnut Parlor Chair, several other fine pieces of furniture, and a large assortment of Groceries and Glassware.

EROSINE LAMPS, at reduced prices, at the Philadelphia Drug Store. dwt68

The WEEKLY GAZETTE is now the largest paper published in the State, and having the matter published in the Daily to select from, we challenge comparison with any newspaper in Wisconsin. In correct political doctrine, in reliable market reports, in giving the latest news from all quarters, in literary merit and in local information relating to this city and county, shall spare no pains to make the WEEKLY GAZETTE worthy of public patronage and support.

Miscellaneous.

GEO. W. DEHAVEN & Co.'s
UNITED CIRCUS!

Newly organized for the season of 1865.

Geo. W. DeHaven, Manager.
Levi J. North, Equitation Director.
A. Haight, Treasurer.



This great combination Company embraces more talent than any other company now traveling, among which are the following:

M'LE LOUISE,
The Greatest Acrobatic and Tight Rope Performer in the World.

M'LE De AULAY,
The Great Parisian Equitrian.

LEVI J. NORTH,
America's Own Horseman.

SIGNOR BLISS,
The wonder of the World, in his extraordinary Acrobatic feat of Walking a Cello.

MR. ALBERT AYNAR,
In his Celebrated Principal Act.

The Gymnastic Brothers,
From Cirque Imperial, Paris.

THE TRAINED PONIES,
seldom Nations and Little Rebel, the smallest creatures ever introduced into a ring.

MR. CHARLES RIVERS,
In beautiful Changeable Acts.

Berdeau and Carr,
on Cook's Royal Circus, in their wonderful performance on the Horizontal Bar.

YOUNG LEVI NORTH,
the greatest Rider of his age living, in his thrilling Act on his Wild Ponies.

HENRY COYLE,
the Celebrated Trick Clown, in his universal Act on Balls.

MR. WILLIAM TAYLOR,
The world-renowned Smallest Rider.

Mr. John Taylor,
In his wonderful Balloon Leaps.

THE TRAINED HORSE, MARS,
Introduced by Levi J. North.

SIGNOR BLISS AND CHILDREN,
In their beautiful Acts of Posturing.

Battouze Leaps and Tumbling,
By the Troupe, led by the hero of 109 Somerset, RIVERS and AYNAR.

MASTER WILLIE,
As the Wild Hunter of the Far West.

The performances will be continued by those daily Stars of Mount SEAMON and JOHNSTON, the Comedians, HEAD and JOSEPH, who never fail to bring forth from the audience rounds of applause. Each Entertainment will conclude with a variety of the comic music.

Laughable Ballet Entertainments,
In which Misses Jolly, Fannie, J. Connelly, Marie, and Masters John, Francis, James, Theodora, Julia, and Paulina will appear. Each performance will be concluded by music given by the

New York Opera Band,
will exhibit at Janesville, on

Thursday, April 15th, 1865.

Admission: Adults, 25 cts.; Children, 10 cts. Doors open at 7 o'clock. P. M. Performance commences at 8 o'clock and 7 1/2 cts.

Remember that the Grand

OUTSIDE ASCENSION,

Takes place at one o'clock P. M., free to all.

For full particulars see Large Bill and Program, or apply to

A. A. NORTH, Agent.

625 1/2 N. 4th St.

CIRCUS! CIRCUS!!

Geo. W. DeHaven & Co's great Circus is coming, and will exhibit here on Tuesday, April 18th, 1865; and it is expected Farmers, and every one, men, women and children, from far and near, will be here to see the great and wonderful feat of this Circus, as it does contain one of the best troupes of star performers in America, unexcelled by any Company traveling in the States. This Company will perform some of the most wonderful and thrilling feats ever performed in this country, and in order to believe it you must come and see them do yourselves; as we expect to see Janesville filled with people to see this great show, than it ever was before to see any show.

Monica Burton Bliss, the wonder of the world will walk a ceiling, fast up and down. This feat will be believed, and is well worth the fifty cents admission alone, for it is the most astonishing feat ever known in this country. We say to you all, come and see it done, and then believe it. After come and see this great lady, Max Lozice, the greatest Equitrian Rider and Wire Performer in the world. She can ride the wildest horses in the most wonderful and astonishing performance. And this world renowned lady performer will make an occasion on a single wire, three hundred feet in length, from the ground to the top of this center pole, fifty feet high from the ground; and remember this great and perilous and most astonishing performance takes place under a tent, in the most favorable place for all, and every one who comes to see this show will get the worth of their money and we expect to see the fullest houses ever known here for any show.

This show exhibits in Beaver Dam, April 14th; Horicon, Tuesday, April 11.

Berlin, Wednesday, April 12th.

Ribon, Thursday, " 13.

East Du Lac, Friday, " 14.

Appleton, Saturday, " 15.

Oshkosh, Sunday, " 16.

Jacobsville, Tuesday, " 18.

Madison, Wednesday, " 19.

Whitefish, Thursday, " 20.

Milwaukee, Friday, " 21.

" Saturday, " 22.

Oconomowoc, Monday, " 23.

Watertown, Tuesday, " 24.

Columbia, Wednesday, " 25.

Portage City, Thursday, " 27.

Sperts, Friday, " 28.

In Cross, Saturday, " 29.

ap13th: ac-w: dwt68

THURSDAY, APRIL 13, 1865.

Letter from the Federal Capital.

WASHINGTON, April 10, 1865.
Editor's Gazette:—"Office closed," is the word passing through the spacious halls of the Interior Department. One week ago to-day the news came of the fall of Petersburg, and as the word passed from room to room the 300 clerks of that department poured into the halls, a joyous and happy crowd, but soon was added, "Richmond has fallen," and then cheers and shouts rent the air, and all wildly rushed to the south front of the building and listened to speeches from Secretary Usher and Commissioner Holloway, and then closed by singing "Rally round the Flag," and "John Brown is marching on." Then the office was closed and we all joined the equally happy crowds that thronged the streets and called on Secretary Seward and Stanton, Vice-President Johnson, General Butler, and others. Washington was virtually demoralized and intoxicated with joy.

On the day succeeding came the illumination which was a grand affair, though I am unable to give any description from actual seeing, as I was too unwell to spend much time in the streets. From my stand point I can only say that it appeared as if all Washington was out of doors, so dense was the crowd that thronged the Avenue.

When the news came of the capture of Ewell and others, it was believed that Robert E. Lee was among the number. Of course, though it was rainy weather, no office drudgery could confine us to our desks, we rushed forth to learn the truth of the reports.

This morning before 5 a. m., the booming cannon announced a victory, and upon passing down street the welcome news was heralded far and wide, "Lee has surrendered his army."—Glorious and joyful news—the harbinger of peace soon to come with all her blessings—no more drafts—no more prices—a return of fathers to wife and children—of brothers to sisters—of son to mother—and lover to sweetheart. But, alas! many shall never return—for they sleep the last sleep—for they have died that the nation might live forever.

Upon the meeting of the clerks of the Treasury Department, a general joy seemed to pervade the entire mass. Over 1,000 clerks wandered through the halls of that immense edifice, singing, shouting and shaking hands. The Secretary, finding that his force was completely demoralized, ordered the building to be cleared, and the joyous crowd were allowed another holiday.

The end is near at hand. A few days at the farthest will bring the joyful news of the surrender or dispersal of Johnston's forces by Sherman, and of the surrender of Mobile, and thus, on or before the first of May, all armed resistance east of the Mississippi will be broken up, except a few brigades and robbers, whom the people of the South will find it for their interest to help suppress and exterminate as speedily as possible.

The general impression of Robert E. Lee, has been that he was a humane man. This impression has been much weakened by his course in attacking Fort Steadman while propositions were pending before Mr. Lincoln for an interview between Generals Grant and Lee, thus abruptly terminating all hope of a pacific settlement of the contest. By this act General Lee has rendered himself responsible for the destruction of at least 30,000 lives in the battles that have since taken place. It is evident that he long since believed the cause of the Confederacy hopeless, and had he been the humane man he has been supposed to be, he should have arrested the mad Davis and put an end to the conflict. By not so doing he has forfeited all claims to be considered in any better light than Davis himself.

It is a singular fact that in no instance during this rebellion has the Stars and Stripes ever floated from the Smithsonian Institute. The fact causes some very severe criticisms to be made on Prof. Henry, and he is regarded as one of those who would have been pleased to see the rebellion successful. If such proves to be the fact he should be banished from his position, as head of that institution.

Mr. Lincoln has returned to the Capital after an absence of nearly three weeks. Owing to the severe strain his mind has been subjected to for four years it has been absolutely necessary for him to seek rest. The strain is withdrawn in a measure so far as public responsibility is concerned, but there is danger of his breaking down unless he can be freed from the pressure of office seekers, who importune him almost to death. Office seekers had better keep away for it is generally understood here that Mr. Lincoln does not purpose making any general changes in his public officials. Where officers have been found incompetent removals will no doubt be made.

The evacuation of Washington has begun. General Casey and his board of examiners have been removed to Richmond to organize colored regiments, and it is believed that city will be made the base of all military operations for the suppression of guerrilla warfare in Virginia and North Carolina. If so it will cause the departure from here of many thousands of camp followers, to the great regret of landlords and the greater joy of tenants.

Many may not appreciate the wild manifestations of joy manifested by the clerks here over the downfall of the rebellion. I would say to such, come here and try to live on \$1200 and \$1400, or even \$1600 per annum. Congress refused to grant us relief. Grant and Sheridan, with Sherman's co-operation, have done for us what Congress would not. They have materially increased our means of living. We now hope for a speedy closing out of the debris and wreck of the C. S. A., so that the 10,000 to 15,000 refugees now here, may go back to their homes in the South,

and thus leave tenantless over 1000 of the houses now occupied by them as temporary homes.

A prominent citizen of Wisconsin recently here, desires to sell out his fine farm at home, with a view to removing South, he feeling that the northern climate is too severe for him in his declining years. The idea of emigration to the South is likely to become a mania ere long, to the detriment and injury of the Northwest.

Sherman's army have exploded one theory with regard to the South, that has been very prevalent, to-wit: that Northern people cannot stand the Southern climate as laborers. They have tried at all seasons of the year, under all circumstances, through swamps and everywhere else, building corduroy roads, and performing other labor as hard as men are likely to be called upon to labor in agricultural or mechanical pursuits. They are as healthy and hearty as men need to be.

This testimony I have from a gentleman, an inmate of a rebel prison in Columbia, S. C., for over a year, who came with that army from Columbia to Fayetteville, and knows whereof he speaks. The soldiers had much to say in his presence on that question, and considered that they had put it to a pretty thorough test and forever settled it.

Jeff. Davis on Treason.

Jeff. Davis, in the summer of 1858, in Faneuil Hall, pronounced an anathema upon traitors and treason in language to be remembered when he is captured, and the leaders banded with him in the sacrilegious attempt to overthrow the sacred edifice of the Constitution which they had sworn to support, and which has given them their welfare. It was in such words as these that the chief of the traitors invoked confusion to traitors six short years ago.

"Among outcasts, there is none more odious to my mind than a public officer who takes an oath to support the Constitution—the compact between the States binding each other for the common defense and general welfare of the other—not relating to himself a moral reservation that he will war upon the principles he has sworn to maintain, and upon the property rights, the protection of which is part of the compact of the Union."

"It is a crime too low to be named before this assembly. It is one which no man with self-respect would ever commit. To swear that he will support the Constitution—to take an office which belongs in many of its relations to all the States, and to use it as a means of injuring a portion of the States of which he is thus the representative is treason to everything honorable in man. It is a base and cowardly attack of him who gains the confidence of another, in order that he may wound him."

SHERIDAN.

Sketch of one of Grant's Field Marshals.

From the *Charleston Herald*, Oct. 10, 1864.
 MAJOR GENERAL SHERIDAN.

General Phil. Sheridan, among Grant's Field Marshals, seems to have carried off the honors of the terrible battles about Petersburg. His capture of 5,000 prisoners in the second day's fight was planned with his usual notion of forcing the fighting, and was executed with no less precision than usual. His military career exhibits a remarkable series of great successes on the battle-field; some of the war were from defeat, under circumstances that would have overwhelmed a less fiery soldier. In 1861, then a Colonel of cavalry, he routed Chalmers. At Murfreesboro, it was his division, brought to the about face, that stayed the furious charge on Rosecrans' right. At Chickamauga, after his division had been crushed, as it moved by the flank, in obedience to orders, to take a position farther to the left, he re-gathered the fragments of the whole right wing and took them straight to the undaunted Thomas. At Mission Ridge, his division was in the storming column that carried the mountain and Phil. led it. The history of his Valley campaign is fresh in the minds of our readers. Close upon its heels follows his late ruinous raid, and almost before we are done reading it, we find him giving the *corps* just to the enemy in the most decisive and, perhaps, most glorious victory of the war.

General Sheridan is a perfect soldier. He loves his profession with a passion that has swallowed up all other ambitions. About a year ago, he received a leave of absence for twenty days—the first in eleven years. He was back with his division at the end of fifteen, not because any emergency had arisen, but time hung heavily on his hands, and he was lost away from his battalions. But it would be a very mistaken idea to suppose that his manner savors of martial life and impetuosity, or that he has the nervous, sanguine traits which are presumed to be inherent in the presence and carriage of a great General. He is quite unassuming, and very courteous to all. From officers of equal rank to his enlisted men. He is a keen observer of men, but a very quiet one. He is apt to be aroused, however, when his men are imposed upon. The writer witnessed him take a stalwart new-monger by the ears one day, in a railway train, and thence his head against the car (though he stood on tiptoe to do it), until it seemed very likely that something or other would give way very shortly. The newsmonger had been selling his papers at ten cents to the soldiers, in violation of an express contract to retail them for five. His troops adore him, and when they fight under his eye, they are irresistible.

General Sheridan's idea of fighting a battle is to get straight at the enemy, get as near to him as possible, and to settle the day with a short run. He believes and demonstrates that the assaulting column loses fewer men than the assaulted, and the process is vastly more exhilarating, and the result, at least in his experience, more agreeable. His success in the great battles near Petersburg is the crowning triumph of his career, and places him, if he was not there already, among the greatest Generals of any age.

EAR FAY.—The celebrated Dr. Hooker gives the following results of observations as to the use of fat. Of persons who believe in the ages of fifteen and twenty avoid fat before the age of thirty. Nine-tenths of those who die with consumption are persons who never use fat meat. Dr. Dixon confirms this statement and observes, that "this is the whole secret of the benefit of cod-liver oil."

VALENTINE PERKINS, an ossified man who has been ossifying for 11 years, died in Ohio lately. He had been blind for 30 years, and could only move two of his fingers and two of his toes. He had good health and appetite up to the time of his death.

GENERAL SLOCUM'S VICTORY.

The Battle at Bentonville—Magnificent Fighting—Thirty-five Thousand Rebels opposed to Slocum's Army—How They were Whipped.

The New York *Herald* under the head of "Slocum's Victories," gives a lengthy account, accompanied by a map, of that General's march from Fayetteville to Goldsboro, from which we extract the portion relating to the hard-fought contest of Bentonville:

The "bummers" of the Fourteenth Corps skirmished with the rebels over many miles of road, keeping them at a respectful distance from the head of our column. One evening, just as the sun went down, the rebels fired a cannon shot, and by an unlucky shot wounded a couple of these foragers and killed four horses. Such skirmishes were common; but the rebels' left wing was not impeded by them till the morning of the 19th, when the foragers sent back word to Gen. Carlin, who was in advance, that the enemy would not budge. A couple of regiments from Hobbart's brigade were played to dislodge the enemy; and they did it handsomely, pursuing them as they ran. About nine o'clock on the morning of the 19th the skirmishes of Carlin's division found an advanced line of the enemy near the junction of Mill Creek with Hobbart's Run, perhaps three miles from the spot on the map known as Bentonville. 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The Janesville Gazette.

Wants, Sales, Rents, &c.

WANTED—To rent a house with six or eight rooms, convenient to the business part of the city. Enquire at Rock River Hotel, Janesville, Wis.

FOR SALE—Two or three houses and lots in this city, by
W. C. RAYSON,
mar23d4w650
Lapin's Block, 3d story.

FOR SALE—I offer for sale my house on Main street. The grounds are well stocked with shrubbery and fruit.
mar23d4w650
A. K. ALLEN.

PARTNER WANTED—With capital of \$500 or \$1,000, in a good and safe business already established. Personal attention given or may not be given. Address, Box 175, Janesville, Wis.
mar23d4w650

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE—Only one block from the Postoffice, on North Second street, in the Second Ward. Two good barns on the premises. Inquire of H. A. VOSBURG.
mar23d4w650

WANTED—To rent a small farm of about 20 acres, good soil, good house and barn, and within two or three miles of Janesville. Any person having such property to rent please inquire at the Gazette Office.
mar23d4w650

DWELLING HOUSE FOR SALE—In First Ward, a charmingly known as the C. H. Property; good cellar, barn, out-houses, and abundance of shrubbery on the place. Inquire of C. H. Williams, next door to the premises.
mar23d4w650

BUILDING AND OTHER LOTS—For sale at very low prices on liberal terms of credit. If desired, several desirable lots in the city of Janesville, situated in Rockport and in Williams' Addition. Apply to
J. H. GOSGER,
jan23d4w650

FOR SALE—A good house, cottage style, built of brick, and a half acre of land with it, situated in the 2d Ward and about five minutes walk from the Post Office. Price \$1,000, but cash balance on lot. Apply to
J. H. GOSGER,
jan23d4w650

ATTENTION—We have a good supply of Cassinets and Tweeds on hand which we will sell cheap for cash at wholesale or retail during the next thirty days.
F. A. WHEELER & SON,
mar23d4w650

GREASE WANTED—10,000 lbs. for which I will pay the highest market price in first quality Soap, Candles, Groceries or Cash.
W. M. M. SEALE,
jan23d4w650

FOR SALE—23 wood lots situated near Postoffice block corner. Also 350 acres of land in the town of Janesville, with a good house and barn, and within two or three miles of Janesville. Any person having such property to rent please inquire at the Gazette Office.
mar23d4w650

FOR SALE—10 acres of land in the city of Janesville, described as the northwest quarter of the southwest quarter of section 20, township 14 north of range 12 east. Or will be exchanged for property in this city. Apply to
W. C. RAYSON, Janesville, Wis.
mar23d4w650

TO FARMERS—The undersigned, S. B. Noyes, has on hand at the New Elevator Warehouse a low hundred bushels of NEW ENGLAND BEER for sale, which he has at a great discount. Inquire at the New Elevator Warehouse, or at the New Elevator, 116 S. Clark St., Room 21, with stamp enclosed, Drawer 6200.
mar23d4w650

TO RENT—For one or more years, the brick building immediately opposite the Sawyer House, the very best location in this city for the purpose for which it is suited. It is a convenient large roomy shop, with four floors, Wagon Shop and large room over the outer building, suitable for a paint shop. For terms, &c., apply to
MCKEY & BRO., Janesville.

WANTED—Male and Female help for a large household, including a cook, a housekeeper, seamstress, chambermaid and girls for general housework, can all obtain positions by applying to the agent of the Chicago Employment Agency, 116 S. Clark St., Room 21, with stamp enclosed, Drawer 6200.
mar23d4w650

NUMBER LOT FOR SALE—The number 10 of the southeast quarter of section 10, township 14 north of range 12 east, is now for sale in the town of Janesville, with a good house and barn, and within two or three miles of Janesville. Any person having such property to rent please inquire at the Gazette Office.
mar23d4w650

FOR SALE CHEAP—My property situated on Milwaukee street, near Second street, consisting of about 4 1/2 acres, with a good dwelling house and good barn, also a large amount and variety of Fruit and Strawberries. Also, a farm of 10 acres, well situated with dwelling house and out buildings, on Rock Prairie, 2 1/2 miles northeast from this city. Also, a good stock of 120 sheep.
mar23d4w650

FARM AND CITY LOTS FOR SALE—A beautiful farm situated on the West side of the city, in the town of Rock, two miles from the city of Janesville, with a good house and barn, and within two or three miles of Janesville. Any person having such property to rent please inquire at the Gazette Office.
mar23d4w650

SPLendid FARM FOR SALE—A beautiful farm situated on the West side of the city, in the town of Rock, two miles from the city of Janesville, with a good house and barn, and within two or three miles of Janesville. Any person having such property to rent please inquire at the Gazette Office.
mar23d4w650

FOR SALE—I now offer for sale a desirable farm two miles South of Janesville, lying on the West side of the town of Rock. Said farm contains 150 acres, 110 acres prairie under good cultivation and 40 acres of timber and pasture land. A good house and barn, and within two or three miles of Janesville. Any person having such property to rent please inquire at the Gazette Office.
mar23d4w650

AUCTION—I will sell at public auction on Saturday, April 15th, a House and Four Lots on Pearl St., formerly owned by Mr. Henderson. The house contains ten rooms, with several closets. The lots are well situated and are a good investment. The sale will commence at 2:30 P. M., on the Public Square, with the last of the property.
JOHN KIMBALL, Auctioneer.

WATER POWER AT MONTEREY—Four hundred feet of water with the foundation of a mill, and a Water Wheel worth ten hundred and fifty dollars, which was just in place before the mill was burned. The sale will commence at 2:30 P. M., on the Public Square, with the last of the property.
JOHN KIMBALL, Auctioneer.

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JOHN KIMBALL, Auctioneer.

GROCERIES—GROCERIES!! VERY CHEAP!! IN LAPPIN'S BLOCK, Opposite Dearborn's Book Store.

AT A. PALMER & SONS—Drug and Grocery Store.

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U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

By authority of the Secretary of the Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three tenths per cent. interest, per annum known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date of August 15th, 1884, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible at the option of the holder into

U. S. 5-20 Six per cent. Gold-Bearing Bonds

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from Nov., which makes the actual profit on the 7 30 loan, at current rates, including interest, about ten per cent. per annum, besides its exemption from State and municipal taxation, which adds from one to three per cent. more, according to the rate of the market on other property. The interest is payable semi-annually by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to

One cent per day on a \$50 note.

Two cents " " " \$100 "

Ten " " " \$500 "

20 " " " \$1000 "

\$1 " " " \$5000 "

Notes of all the denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

Great Popular Loan of the People.

It is then \$200,000,000 remain unsold, which will probably be disposed of within the next 20 or 30 days, when the notes will undoubtedly come at a premium, and has uniformly been the case on closing the subscription to other loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loan, the National Banks, State Banks, and Private Banks throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will send their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Milwaukee.

Subscriptions will be received by the

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF JANESVILLE.

ROCK COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF JANESVILLE.

THE NINTH NATIONAL BANK

OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

CAPITAL, \$1,000,000, PAID IN.

AS THE LOWEST.

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Chicago Advertisements.

DE GRAFF'S

CLOTHING HOUSE.

Cor. of State and Randolph Streets,

CHICAGO.

The Largest

BEST STOCK

OF

Mens', Youths' and Boys'

CLOTHING,

West of New York City.

Business Coats, Pants, & Vests

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

DRESS SUITS.

From Medium to Extra Fine.

THE LATEST STYLES

ALWAYS IN STORE,

—AND—

PRICES AS LOW

AS THE LOWEST.

L. DE GRAFF,

SUCCESSOR TO DE GRAFF & POOLE.

WASHINGTON WASHER!

Don't buy a Washing Machine until you have examined our

Ten Dollar Washer.

Simple, Practical, Thorough.

A Small Investment

That will bring Ample Return.

IT WILL WASH FROM TWENTY PIECES AT ONCE!

Our machines are as perfect as any machine will be. They will wash in the most perfect manner all fabric from a towel to the finest muslin. They will not only save three-fourths of the labor and soap, but garments will last twice as long when washed in them.

A Bank-like plan is placed in the machine with a dozen dyes, and the colors washed clean, without doing the least injury to the fabric. It is the simplest as well as the cheapest of all machines. The washing is entirely under the control of the operator, so that dirty parts of garments can be washed without unnecessarily rubbing the clean parts. This machine can only be appreciated by seeing it in operation. It will be on exhibition in a few days.

T. B. & H. M. SEAVEY,

Hardware & House-Furnishing Goods,

82 Randolph Street, Chicago.

REVERE HOUSE.

CHICAGO,

LOCATED ON NORTH CLARK ST.,

North-east corner of Kinzie—two blocks from the River, and four from the Court House.

FITTED UP IN THE MOST COMFORTABLE MANNER,

With entirely new Beds, Bedding, Furniture, Carpets, &c., capable of accommodating 200 guests.

G. BUTCHER, Proprietor.

ENGRAVING

WEDDING CARDS,

WOOD CUTS,

BOOKBINDER'S STAMPS,

SEAL PRESSES,

Door & Stencil Plates, &c.

CHILDS, 117 1/2 Randolph Street, Chicago, Ill.

From the Agency of C. H. Scribner

FAIRBANK'S

Dry Goods.

BOUND FOR CALIFORNIA!

GREAT CLOSING OUT SALE

OF

DRY GOODS!

BY

Riordan and Leech,

Commencing on February the 25th,

and to continue until the entire Stock is disposed of.

\$50,000 Worth of Goods

to be sold at an

IMMENSE SACRIFICE,

without the least regard to cost or value.

RIORDAN & LEECH,

Having fully determined to close out their entire Stock, this sale will be

POSITIVE AND NO DELUSION.

The Proprietors grateful for the liberal patronage bestowed on them, and wishing to recompense in some measure the people who have so generously supported the establishment since its first advent in trade, have determined to give them the full benefit of this great reduction in price, and consequently guarantee that the sale shall be exactly fifty per cent. off for the people.

All our Prints, De Laines

AND OTHER

DRESS GOODS!

we now offer at a reduction of full

Fifty per Cent. Less

than former prices.

ALL OUR FRENCH MERINOS,

Coburgs, Lyonses Cloths,

PLAIN & COLORED ALPACCAS,

At fifty per cent. less than former prices.

Our Entire Stock of

DOMESTIC GOODS,

Consisting of

Bleached & Brown Sheetings,

and Linings, Pillow Case Goods, Striped and Checked Fabrics, Blue and Brown Drapes, &c., &c., at fifty per cent. less than former prices.

Our Stock of

WOOLN GOODS

Comprise a full line of

Cloths and Cassimeres,

All Wool Flannels, in Red, Grey and Blue Twills, Printed, Plain and Striped Flannels, &c., &c., at fifty per cent. less than former prices.

Our Entire Stock of

HOSIERY, WOOLEN GOODS, & BIAS

SATINETS, & BREAKFAST STAWLS,

Ladies Gloves and Gauntlets,

At full fifty per cent. less than former prices.

Our Entire Stock of

EMBROIDERIES,

LADIES COLLARS & SLEEVES,

Mourning Collars and Sots,

Ladies Linen Handkerchiefs, &c., &c., at a similar reduction.

CLOCKS AND FURS!

We now offer our entire stock of

AT LESS THAN HALF PRICE.

Dry Goods.

PROCLAMATION!

GREAT SALE OF DRY GOODS

BY

MCKEY & BRO.

Our entire stock of goods to be closed out without reserve, regardless of cost.

IM MENSE SALE

OF

DRY GOODS

AT

AUCTION:

Another great sale at Auction and private sale, to continue thirty days.

500 pieces of fine cloth marked down to 25 cents; 500 pieces of fine cloth marked down to 25 cents; 500 pieces of fine cloth marked down to 25 cents.

All our domestic goods thrown on the market, in some cases at a reduction of 50 per cent.

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THIS IMMENSE STOCK

Must Be Closed Out.

500 pieces of fine cloth marked down to 25 cents; 500 pieces of fine cloth marked down to 25 cents; 500 pieces of fine cloth marked down to 25 cents.

REMEMBER THE PLACE.

BROWN & CO.

MISCELLANEOUS.

HERMAN WETSTEIN,

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Two Doors Below the Postoffice,

EVERY Job will give satisfaction.

RECOMMENDED by all that can appreciate a good and durable Job.

MR. SCHACHMACH pipes mounted in the best style.

ALL kinds of Jewelry made to order.

NEATLY done or no pay.

WATCHES, Clocks and Jewelry constantly kept on hand.

ENTIRE satisfaction given or money refunded.

TIME of all descriptions repaired and warranted.

SPECTACLES in great variety constantly kept on hand.

